

No.	Date / Period	Institution / Body Dismantled or Destroyed	References (All Sources Found)	Impact Summary: Oversight & Public Protection Loss (≤50 words)
7	Mar 2011	Directorate for Priority Crime Investigation (Hawks/DPCI) – Declared Unconstitutional [Type: Anti-corruption & organised crime unit – structural independence failure]	• SAFLII, Glenister v President of the Republic of South Africa [2011] ZACC 6 https://www.saflii.org/za/cases/ZACC/2011/6.html • Constitutional Court Collections https://collections.concourt.org.za/handle/20.500.12144/3617 • Wikipedia, 'Glenister v President (2011)' https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Glenister_v_President_(2011) • Our Constitution, 'The constitution and the fight against corruption' https://ourconstitution.wethepeoplesa.org/the-constitution-and-the-fight-against-corruption/ • Drake University Law Journal, 'Corruption Cases and Separation of Powers in SA,' Jul 2015 https://www.drake.edu/media/collegesschools/law/documents/Corruption%20Cases%20and%20Separation%20of%20Powers%20in%20the%20South%20African%20Co.pdf • JSTOR, 'Re-affirmation of judicial independence in South Africa' https://www.jstor.org/stable/43239611	<i>The Constitutional Court's finding that the Hawks lacked adequate independence exposed a fundamental flaw in South Africa's anti-corruption architecture. Despite parliamentary remediation, the Hawks remained structurally compromised within SAPS. Political interference in anti-corruption investigations continued, costing the public billions in undetected and unprosecuted corruption.</i>